

Creating "A Society Where Women Shine"

Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Japan

WOMENOMICS---CORE OF ABENOMICS

Prime Minister Abe has addressed women's empowerment at the UN General Assembly, the World Assembly for Women, and elsewhere.



"GLOBAL LEADERS MEETING ON GENDER EQUALITY AND WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT" at UN General Assembly (Sep 2015)

- Japan enacted new law to promote active engagement of women in society
 - ✓ To create a society where it is commonplace for both men and women to share responsibility for work, household chores, and child rearing
 - ✓ Will address challenges associated with aging society and low birthrate while still realizing economic growth

The World Assembly for Women in Tokyo: WAW! (Aug 2015)

- "Abenomics is "womenomics" Prime Minister Abe has <u>consistently promoted the dynamic</u> <u>engagement of women</u>
- ☐ From April 2016, <u>companies required to draw up and announce voluntary action plans incorporating</u> targets to promote hiring women and appointment of women to executive positions

General Assembly of the United Nations (Sep 2014)

- "We must <u>foster environments in which it is possible to balance child</u> <u>care and nursing care on the one hand and work on the other.</u>"
- We must eliminate biases about roles of women that still exist in society.



Women's Empowerment is critical to ABENOMICS (1)

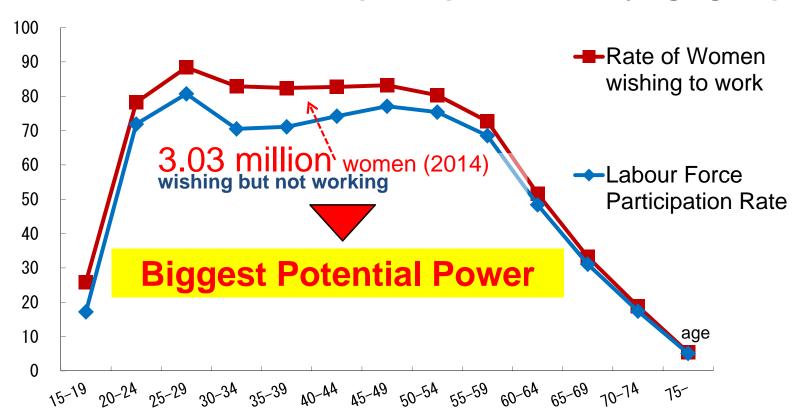
Necessity

Active Participation of Women

- Increasing workforce population
- > Talented human resources
- New products/services

Economic Growth

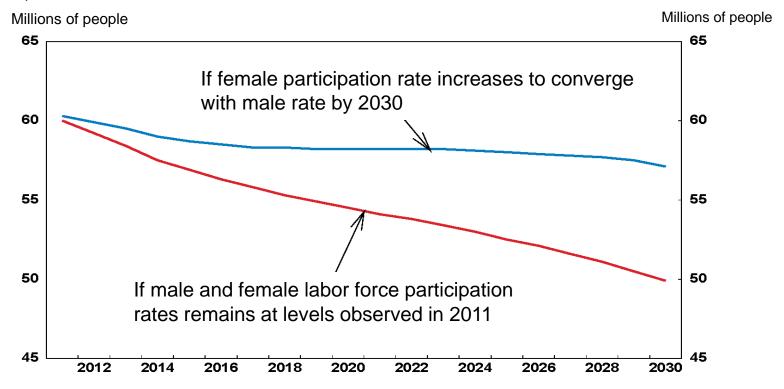
Women's labour force participation rate by age group



Women's Empowerment is critical to ABENOMICS (2)

Impact of raising Women's Labor Participation Rate

- If female labor force participation rates converge with male rate by 2030, labor supply would decline by only 5%, increasing GDP by almost 20% compared with unchanged participation rates. (OECD, April 2015)
- Closing gender gap could boost Japanese GDP by up to 13% (Goldman Sachs, April 2014)
- G7 (excluding Italy and Japan) level ⇒ GDP per capita will be permanently 4% higher (IMF, October 2012)



Japan Revitalization Strategy (June 2013)



by 2020

- Increase women in leading positions to 30%
- Increase employment rate of women to <u>73%</u> (age 25-44) (2012 rate: 68%)

Incentives to women-friendly companies

(Subsidy, Tax, Award, Disclosure of Information)

Supporting women according to life stages

(Childrearing, Reemployment, Entrepreneurship)

Creating an environment for balancing between work and child-rearing

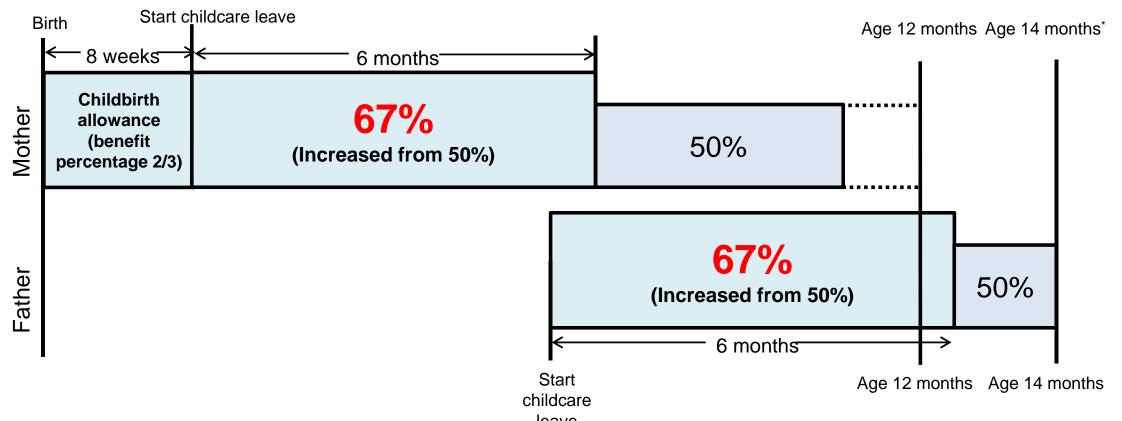
(Teleworking, Expanding Childcare)

Improvement of Childcare Leave Benefits

Increase of Benefit (Effective from April 1, 2014)

Raise childcare leave benefits $50\% \Rightarrow 67\%$ of wage prior to leave (for 6 months from the start of leave) \Rightarrow Further promoting both men and women to take childcare leave.

<Illustration of benefit assuming childcare leave is taken by both parents: Benefit percentage>



Reference: Percentage of employees taking childcare leave (2013): Males 2.03%, Females 83.0%

the effective benefit percentage is about 80% (compared to wages prior to taking leave, less tax & social insurance premiums) 5

^{*} Given that childcare leave benefits are tax exempt and that social insurance premiums are waived during period of childcare leave,

World Assembly for Women (WAW! 2015) (1)

- On August 28th and 29th, Japan held the 2-day World Assembly for Women (WAW! 2015) in Tokyo.
- <u>75 leaders</u> active in women's empowerment area from <u>41 countries/regions</u>, <u>8 international orgs</u> participated (70 Japanese, 145 in total)
- 315 people from abroad visited Japan for WAW! About 2,000 total in attendance

-Public Forum- August 28th



Opening Remarks from Prime Minister Shinzo Abe

- Presented new bill just passed to promote active engagement of women in society.
- Announced that Japan will implement over 42 billion yen in ODA toward high-quality education for women & girls

Powerful messages from Keynote Speakers

- Ellen Johnson Sirleaf, President of Republic of Liberia; first female president chosen democratically in Africa.
- Marillyn A. Hewson, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Lockheed Martin Corporation; started career at Lockheed Martin; broke through glass ceiling to become CEO



Panel Discussions



Active Discussion in Two Focused Panel Discussions

- Girls' Education
- Women and the Economy



World Assembly for Women (WAW! 2015) (2)

On 29 August, active discussions were held by participants under two themes:

Women and the Economy and Global Issues

As part of this year's new efforts, 6 special sessions were also held.

High-Level Round Table and Special Sessions August 29th







Discussions led to <u>concrete proposals</u>.

Prime Minister attended sessions and joined to the discussions.

Summit Meetings and Courtesy Call August 28th and 29th

- Japan-Liberia Summit Meeting
- Courtesy Call from Groups (North America, Europe, Asia, Oceania & Latin America, Middle East Asia & Africa)
- Lunch meeting with international organization high-level participants
- Dinner meeting with public sector participants

Women and the Economy			Global Issues		
Work-Life Management	Engaging Men in Reforms	Women Facing Challenges	Girls and Education	Women and Peacebuilding	Multi-stakeholder Partnership for International Cooperation
Special Sessions					
Women's Empowerment through Sanitation	Women in the field of Natural Science	Implementing Diversity and Innovation	Youth Table	Supporting Women Entrepreneurs across Asia	Gender and Disaster Risk Reduction







World Assembly for Women (WAW!2015) (4)

A "WAW! To Do 2015" list was compiled by the Chair based on proposals and ideas from WAW! 2015 participants.

(Please check "WAW!2015" MOFA website for details)

"WAW! To Do 2015" (UN document: A/C.3/70/3)

Work-Life Management / Engaging Men in Reforms

- Change "Long Working Hours"
- Leaders introduce change and expand women's empowerment networks
- Promote education to develop individuals` abilities
- Design New and Flexible Working Styles Utilizing Information and Communication Technology (ICT)
- Implement Diversity in Organizations Leading to Innovation
- Further Support Women Entrepreneurs across Asia



World Assembly for Women (WAW!2015) (4)

"WAW! To Do 2015" (UN document: A/C.3/70/3)

Women Facing Challenges

- Promote active utilization and enhancement of support systems
- Reinforce actions to support single mothers

Girls and Education

- Work to enable all girls to finish equal and quality primary and secondary education
- Enhance necessary resources in both public and private sector
- Overcome negative social images and increase female students in the field of natural science



World Assembly for Women (WAW!2015) (4)

"WAW! To Do 2015" (UN document: A/C.3/70/3)

Peacebuilding and Women

- Promote women's active participation in peacebuilding processes
- Promote participation of women in the countries/regions concerned
- Enhance women's rights restoration & empowerment in recovery process
- Mobilize women's leadership in disaster risk reduction

Multi-Stakeholder Partnerships for International Cooperation

- Build plans, budgets, and data respecting women
- Empower women through adequate sanitation

What Youth can do to Realize the Society they Visualize

Promote open discussion and take actions based on own values



World Assembly for Women (WAW!2015) (5)

Various events exemplified this year's theme: "WAW! for All" on 28 and 29 August.

WAW! for All

WAW! Participants and Audience

<Collected/sent messages via YouTube and photo booth>







WAW for All: Engaging Men

<30% of participants were men who engaged in discussions together>



WAW! for All Generations





<Youth discussions held at "Youth Table". Students joined as audience as well>

Introduced Japanese Culture

<Tea Ceremony as side event of

lunch meeting>







Japan's Initiatives to realize "A Society Where Women Shine"

In address to UN General Assembly (Sep 2013), PM Abe pledged implementation of <u>ODA</u> in excess of \$3 billion over 3 years (2013-2015) for women's empowerment and gender equality.

Approximately \$1.86 billion was implemented in 2013.

- Strengthen assistance to improve women's living environment
 - Increasing girls` enrollment rate, providing vocational training, maintaining water-supply systems in villages.
- Strengthen cooperation with the private sector
 - •Use ODA to promote BOP businesses to contribute to women's empowerment and participation in society
- Strengthen cooperation with NGOs
- Strengthen cooperation with relevant international organizations (UN Women, UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, WFP, etc.).

Examples of Concrete Actions

Facilitating women's active role / participation in society and women's empowerment

[Example] Bangladesh · Pirojpur District: Promoting the empowerment of women

- Implemented by Japanese NGO "Children Without Borders"
- Provides support for education in Asia
- Pirojpur District: poor, located in river delta, vulnerable to natural disasters
- Women have lower status and limited opportunities; necessary to create opportunities for women to work and earn income in sectors other than agriculture and fisheries.
- Aim of the project: Set up cooperatives for women; strengthen their marketing skills



Sewing workshop with Japanese lecturer

Supporting women's participation and protecting women's human rights in peace & security

[Example] The Philippines: Project on Rehabilitation and Recovery from Typhoon Yolanda

• Aim of the project: Build resilient communities during reconstruction after Typhoon Yolanda and attach great importance to the empowerment of women for the rebuilding of livelihood in areas affected by Typhoon Yolanda.