List of Numerical Targets of the Fifth Basic Plan for Gender Equality

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status			
Field 1. Expansion of Women's Participation in Policy Decision-making Processes						
(Note: The government keeps these targets in mind whe government to strive for, which don't restrict the independent						
Proportion of female candidates for the House of Representatives (2025) 17.8% (2017)						
Proportion of female candidates for the House of Councilors	35%	28.1%	28.1%			
	(2025)	(2019)	(2019)			
(Note: The followings are the targets that represent the figures expete., promotion of visualization, fact-finding surveys, sharing of go Diet, local government bodies, the six local organizations, and oth each organization aims to achieve. The figure for the current status 2019 nationwide local elections.)	ood practicies, and improvement of er relevant actors. It neither adds c	f the environment, as well as collabo onstraints to autonomous action by	oration with political parties, the each organizaiton nor is a target			
Proportion of female candidates for the nationwide local elections	35%	16.0%	16.0%			
	(2025)	(2019)	(2019)			
Proportion of female public prosecutors	30%	25.4%	26.0%			
	(End of FY2025)	(March 31, 2020)	(March 31, 2021)			
Proportion of female national public officials hired through recruitment examinations	35% or higher (Every fiscal year)	36.8% (April 1, 2020)	36.8% (April 1, 2020)			
Proportion of female national public officials hired through the Examination for Comprehensive Service	35% or higher	35.4%	35.4%			
	(Every fiscal year)	(April 1, 2020)	(April 1, 2020)			
Proportion of female national public officials hired through recruitment examination (Technical category)	30% (FY2025)	-	-			
Proportion of women at each rank in national go	overnment positions					
Section chief at HQ or equivalent	30%	26.5%	26.5%			
	(End of FY2025)	(July 2020)	(July 2020)			
Newly promoted section chief level employees (HQ)	35%	22.8%	22.8%			
	(End of FY2025)	(July 2019)	(July 2019)			
Director at Regional institution, assistant director at HQ or equivalent	17%	12.3%	12.3%			
	(End of FY2025)	(July 2020)	(July 2020)			
Director at HQ or equivalent	10%	5.9%	5.9%			
	(End of FY2025)	(July 2020)	(July 2020)			
Designated service or equivalent	8%	4.4%	4.4%			
	(End of FY2025)	(July 2020)	(July 2020)			

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status		
Percentage of male workers who take childcare leave (National civil service)	30% (2025)	12.4% (FY2018)	16.4% (FY2019)		
Proportion of female members in national advis	ory councils and commi	ttees			
Members of advisory councils and committees	Between 40% and 60% (2025)	40.7% (2020)	40.7% (2020)		
Expert members of advisory councils and committees	Between 40% and 60% (2025)	30.3% (2020)	30.3% (2020)		
Proportion of female prefectural public officials hired through recruitment examinations for local public officials (overall)	40% (2025)	36.6% (FY2019)	36.6% (FY2019)		
Proportion of female prefectural public officials hired through recruitment examinations for local public officials (for university graduate or equivalent)	40% (2025)	33.6% (FY2019)	33.6% (FY2019)		
Proportion of female prefectural public officials	at each level				
Position equivalent to section chief of the prefectural government main office	30% (End of FY2025)	22.6% (2020)	22.6% (2020)		
Position equivalent to assistant director of the prefectural government main office	25% (End of FY2025)	20.4% (2020)	20.4% (2020)		
Position equivalent to director of the prefectural government main office	16% (End of FY2025)	12.2% (2020)	12.2% (2020)		
Position equivalent to department/bureau chief/deputy chief of the prefectural government main office	10% (End of FY2025)	7.0% (2020)	7.0% (2020)		
Proportion of female municipal public officials at each level					
Position equivalent to section chief of the municipal government main office	40% (End of FY2025)	City, town and village: 35.0% [Ordinance-Designated City: 26.5%] (2020)	City, town and village: 35.0% [Ordinance-Designated City: 26.5%] (2020)		
Position equivalent to assistant director of the municipal government main office	33% (End of FY2025)	City, town and village: 29.2% [Ordinance-Designated City: 22.6%] (2020)	City, town and village: 29.2%		

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status
Position equivalent to director of the municipal government main office	22% (End of FY2025)	City, town and village: 17.8% [Ordinance-Designated City: 16.9%] (2020)	City, town and village: 17.8% [Ordinance-Designated City: 16.9%] (2020)
Position equivalent to department/bureau chief/deputy chief of the municipal government main office	14% (End of FY2025)	City, town and village: 10.1% [Ordinance-Designated City: 10.8%] (2020)	City, town and village: 10.1% [Ordinance-Designated City: 10.8%] (2020)
Proportion of female local police officers	Approximately 12% (Beginning of FY2026)	10.2% (April 2020)	10.2% (April 2020)
Proportion of female firefighters (Note 1)	5% (Beginning of FY2026)	2.9% (FY2019)	3% (FY2020)
Percentage of male workers who take childcare leave (Local public officials)	30% (2025)	8.0% (FY2019)	8.0% (FY2019)
Proportion of female members of local governm	nent advisory councils and	d committees	
Members of prefectural government advisory councils and committees	Between 40% and 60% (2025)	33.3% (2020)	33.3% (2020)
Members of municipal government advisory councils and committees	Between 40% and 60% (2025)	27.1% (2020)	27.1% (2020)
Proportion of female executive officers and emp	ployees at each level in in	acorporated administrativ	e agencies, etc.
Department chief, director or equivalent	18% (End of FY2025)	15.4% (2020)	15.4% (2020)
Executives	20% (End of FY2025)	14.4% (2020)	14.4% (2020)
Proportion of female employees at each level in	private companies		
Section Chief level	30% (2025)	18.9% (2019)	21.3% (2020)
Director level	18% (2025)	11.4% (2019)	11.5% (2020)
Department manager level	12% (2025)	6.9% (2019)	8.5% (2020)
Proportion of female executives of listed companies (Note 2)	12% (2022) (Note 3)	_	-
Proportion of female entrepreneurs (Note 4)	30% or higher (2025)	27.7% (2017)	27.7% (2017)

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status		
Field 2. Securing Equal Opportunities and Treatment between Women and Men and					
Work-Life Balance Proportion of employees working 60 hours or more per week	5.0% (2025)	Total of all genders: 6.4% Male: 9.8% Female: 2.3% (2019)	Total of all genders: 5.1% Male: 7.7% Female: 1.9% (2020)		
Rate at which annual paid leave is taken	70% (2025)	Total of all genders: 56.3% Male: 53.7% Female: 60.7% (2019 or FY2018)	Total of all genders: 56.3% Male: 53.7% Female: 60.7% (2019 or FY2018)		
Proportion of companies providing opportunities for labor-management discussions on issues of working hours	All companies (2025)	64.0% (2019)	60.5% (2020)		
Teleworking (Note 5)	(Note 5)	-	-		
Percentage of male workers who take childcare leave in private companies	30% (2025)	7.48% (FY2019)	7.48% (FY2019)		
Number of companies that have obtained the Next-Generation Accreditation Mark ("Kurumin")(Note 6)	4,300 companies (2025)	3,448 companies (End of September 2020)	3,496 companies (End of December 2020)		
Employment rate for women between 25 and 44 years of age	82% (2025)	77.7% (2019)	77.4% (2020)		
Percentages of women who continued working before and after giving birth to their first child	70% (2025)	53.1% (2015)	53.1% (2015)		
Proportion of female employees at each level in	private companies (Reci	ited)			
Section Chief level	30% (2025)	18.9% (2019)	21.3% (2020)		
Director level	18% (2025)	11.4% (2019)	11.5% (2020)		
Department manager level	12% (2025)	6.9% (2019)	8.5% (2020)		
Companies that have obtained certification based on the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace ("Eruboshi" Certification)	2,500 companies (2025)	1,134 companies (End of September 2020)	1,209 companies (End of December 2020)		
Proportion of women entrepreneurs (Note 4) (Recited)	30% or higher (2025)	27.7% (2017)	27.7% (2017)		

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status			
Field 3. Promotion of Gender Equality in Regional Areas						
Net loss of population against region's population of women in their 10s and 20s	0.80%	1.33%	1.14%			
	(2025)	(2019)	(2020)			
Proportion of female members in agricultural co	ommittees					
Number of agricultural committees without any female members	0	273/1,703	254/1,702			
	(FY2025)	(FY2019)	(October 2020)			
Proportion of female members in agricultural committees	20% (at an early stage), then aim for 30% (FY2025)	12.1% (FY2019)	12.3% (October 2020)			
Proportion of female executive officers in agric	ultural co-operatives					
Number of agricultural co-operatives without any female executive officers	0	107/639	101/611			
	(FY2025)	(FY2018)	(FY2019)			
Proportion of female executive officers	10% (at an early stage), then aim for 15% (FY2025)	8.0% (FY2018)	8.4% (FY2019)			
Proportion of female directors in the Land Impr	ovement Districts (includ	ling League of Improveme	ent Districts)			
Number of organizations without any female directors	0	3,737/3,900	3,737/3,900			
	(FY2025)	(FY2016)	(FY2016)			
Proportion of female directors	10%	0.6%	0.6%			
	(FY2025)	(FY2016)	(FY2016)			
Proportion of certified female farmers	5.5%	4.8%	5.0%			
	(FY2025)	(March 2019)	(March 2020)			
Number of family management agreements concluded	70,000 cases	58,799 cases	58,799 cases			
	(FY2025)	(FY2019)	(FY2019)			
Proportion of female heads of community associations	10%	6.1%	6.1%			
	(FY2025)	(FY2020)	(FY2020)			

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status		
Field 4. Gender Equality in Science and Technology and Academic Fields					
Proportion of female academic staff in science and engineering at universities (lecturers and above)	Science: 12.0% Engineering: 9.0% (2025)	Science: 8.0% Engineering: 4.9% (2016)	Science: 8.0% Engineering: 4.9% (2016)		
Proportion of female researchers hired at universities	Science: 20% Engineering: 15% Agriculture: 30% Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacology: 30% Humanities: 45% Social sciences: 30% (2025)	Science: 17.2% Engineering: 11.0% Agriculture: 18.9% Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacology: 25.3% Humanities: 37.7% Social sciences: 25.8% (2018)	Pharmacology: 25.3% Humanities: 37.7% Social sciences: 25.8% (2018)		
Proportion of female undergraduate students in university science and engineering departments	Year-on-year increase (Every fiscal year)	Science Department: 27.9% Engineering Department: 15.4% (2019)	Science Department: 27.8% Engineering Department: 15.7% (2020)		
Field 5. Elimination of All Forms of Violence	Against Women (VAW	V)			
Number of one-stop support centers for victims of sexual crimes/sexual violence in local governments	60 places (2025)	47 places (April 2020)	47 places (April 2021)		
Number of prefectures where emergency services are available 365 days a year at one-stop support centers, etc. for sexual crimes and sexual violence	47 prefectures (2025)	20 prefectures (April 2020)	21 prefectures (April 2021)		
Number of Spousal Violence Counseling and Support Centers in municipalities	150 places (2025)	119 places (April 2020)	123 places (March 2021)		
Number of Spousal Violence Counseling and Support Centers participating in a regional council of countermeasures for children requiring aid	323 places (2025)	190 places (April 2018)	190 places (April 2018)		
Field 6. Offering Support to Tackle Poverty	and Other Livelihood D	Difficulties from Gender	Perspectives		
Child support consultation provided by attorneys to single parents	All prefectures, ordinance-designated cities and core cities (FY2024)	94 prefectures and cities (Total: 101 municipalities) (FY2018)	103 municipalities (FY2019)		
Proportion of divorcing couples who made child support arrangements	70% (FY2022)	64.3% (FY2019)	64.3% (FY2019)		
Number of job-hopping part timers ("Freeters")	Total of all genders: 1.14 million people (2025)	Total of all genders: 1.38 million people Male: 0.66 million people Female: 0.72 million people (2019)	Total of all genders: 1.36 million people Male: 0.67 million people Female: 0.69 million people (2020)		

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	Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status
	ployment rate for individuals between 65 l 69 years of age	Total of all genders: 51.6% (2025)	_	Total of all genders: 49.6% (2020)
	tual employment rate for people with abilities (private companies)	2.3% (2022)	2.11% (June 2019)	2.15% (June 2020)
Fie	ld 7. Support for Lifelong Health			
scr	rvical cancer screening rate, breast cancer eening rate ote 7)	Cervical cancer: 50% Breast cancer: 50% (by FY2022)	Screening rate in the past two years Cervical cancer: 43.7% Breast cancer: 47.4% (2019)	Screening rate in the past two years Cervical cancer: 43.7% Breast cancer: 47.4% (2019)
Sui	cide rates (per 100,000 population)	More than 30% decrease from 2015 (by 2026)	Total of all genders: 15.7 Male: 22.7 Female: 9.1 (2019)	Total of all genders: 15.7 Male: 22.7 Female: 9.1 (2019)
	mber of counseling centers specializing in ertility	Available in all prefectures, ordinance-designated cities, and core cities (FY2025)	81 prefectures and cities (FY2020)	81 prefectures and cities (FY2020)
	oportion of female practicing physicians ween 25 and 44 years of age	33.6% (As early as possible in 2020s)	31.8% (2018)	31.8% (2018)
	portion of female directors in sports anizations	40% (As early as possible in 2020s)	15.7% (As of March 2019)	15.7% (As of March 2019)
Fie	ld 8. Disaster Prevention and Reconstruc	tion, and Environmenta	l Issues from Gender Po	erspectives
	portion of female members of prefectural aster management councils	30% (2025)	16.1% (2020)	16.1% (2020)
Pro	portion of female members of municipal dis	aster management counci	ls	
	Number of organizations with no female members	0 (2025)	348/1,741 (2020)	348/1,741 (2020)
	Proportion of female members	Aiming for 15% (initially), up to 30% (2025)	8.8% (2020)	8.8% (2020)
	oportion of female firefighters (Note 1) ecited)	5% (Beginning of FY2026)	2.9% (FY2019)	3% (FY2020)
	oportion of female fire corps volunteers ote 8)	Target of 10%, aiming for 5% in the meantime (FY2026)	3.2% (FY2019)	3.3% (FY2020)

Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status
Field 9. Consolidation of the Social Systems			
Number of wait-listed children for childcare services	To be set based on the "New Child-rearing security Plan"	12,439 people (April 2020)	12,439 people (April 2020)
Number of children registered in after-school children's clubs	1.52 million people (End of FY2023)	Approximately 1.3 million people (May 2019)	Approximately 1.31 million people (July 2020)
Proportion of public rental housing (100 units or more) also offering care facilities for seniors, disabled people, or children	Approximately 90% of public rental housing to be reconstructed (FY2025)	29.1% (FY2019)	29.1% (FY2019)
Field 10. Raising Awareness and Facilitating	Understanding through	n Education and Media	for Both Women and
Proportion of respondents who answered "equal" when asked about the sense of gender equality in society as a whole	50% for the present, while the ultimate goal is nearly 100% (2025)	21.2% (2019)	21.2% (2019)
Proportion of female principals and vice princip	oals in elementary and sec	condary educational organ	nizations
Vice principals	25% (2025)	20.5% (2019)	21.8% (2020)
Principals	20% (2025)	15.4% (2019)	16.1% (2020)
Proportion of female university faculty member	rs		
Associate professors	Aiming for 27.5% (initially), up to 30% (2025)	25.1% (2019)	25.7% (2020)
Professor, etc. (university president, vice president, professor)	Aiming for 20% (initially), up to 23% (2020)	17.2% (2019)	17.7% (2020)
Number of prefectural or municipal boards of education with no female members	0 (2025)	64/1,856 (2019)	64/1,856 (2019)

	Item	Numerical Targets (Deadline)	Figures as of Planning	Current status		
Fie	eld 11. International Collaboration and Co	ontribution on Gender E	quality			
Pro	oportion of female officials in diplomatic mis	ssions				
	Ministers, Counselors and above	10% (2025)	7.4% (July 2020)	7.7% (Male:492 people Female:41 people (April 2021)		
	Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Consul-Generals	8% (2025)	5.3% (July 2020)	5.4% (Male:212 people Female:12 people (April 2021)		
Im	Implementation of the Plan					
	oportion of municipalities with established ns for Gender Equality	Cities and wards: 100% Towns and villages: 85% (2025)	Cities and wards: 98.3% Towns and villages: 69.4% (2020)	Cities and wards: 98.3% Towns and villages: 69.4% (2020)		

⁽Note 1) A firefighter is an employee of fire defense headquarters and a fire station who has a rank and uniform and is engaged in fire fighting affairs.

⁽Note 2)Executives include directors, auditors, executive officers, executive managing officers and officers equivalent to them.

⁽Note 3) Targets after the reorganization of trading sections is to be set at the time of interim follow-up for the Fifth Basic Plan.

⁽Note 4) An entrepreneur is a person who has changed their job or taken a new job in the past year and is currently an officer of a company or a self-employed person who has started their own business.

⁽Note 5) Specific items and numerical targets will be set based on the status of the response to COVID-19 and subsequent changes in the social situation.

⁽Note 6) A company that has obtained the Next-Generation Accreditation Mark ("Kurumin") is a company that has been certified for supporting child rearing based on the Act on Advancement of Measures to Support Raising Next-Generation Children.

⁽Note 7) The consultation rate for cervical cancer screening is calculated for people 20–69 years of age, and that for breast cancer screening is calculated for people 40–69 years of age. Targets for FY2022 and beyond are planned to be formulated in the next Basic Plan to Promote Cancer Control Programs.

⁽Note 8) A fire corps volunteer is a member of a municipal fire department who engages in firefighting and disaster management activities based on the spirit of local patriotism and "protecting our own community by ourselves," while having another main occupation.

^{*}Revised on July 31, 2024