## I Facts and Figures

## 1.Population, Family and Household

## Total Population

|  | Total | Women | Men |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1970 | 103,720 | 52,802 | 50,918 |
| 1975 | 111,940 | 56,849 | 55,091 |
| 1980 | 117,060 | 59,467 | 57,594 |
| 1985 | 121,049 | 61,552 | 59,497 |
| 1990 | 123,611 | 62,914 | 60,697 |
| 1995 | 125,570 | 63,996 | 61,574 |
| 2000 | 126,926 | 64,815 | 62,111 |
| 2001 | 127,316 | 65,051 | 62,265 |
| 2002 | 127,486 | 65,190 | 62,295 |
| 2003 | 127,694 | 65,326 | 62,368 |
| 2004 | 127,787 | 65,407 | 62,380 |
| 2005 | 127,768 | 65,419 | 62,349 |
| 2006 | 127,901 | 65,514 | 62,387 |
| 2007 | 128,033 | 65,608 | 62,424 |
| 2008 | 128,084 | 65,662 | 62,422 |
| 2009 | 128,032 | 65,674 | 62,358 |
| 2010 | 128,057 | 65,730 | 62,328 |
| 2011 | 127,799 | 65,615 | 62,184 |
| 2012 | 127,515 | 65,486 | 62,029 |
| 2013 | 127,298 | 65,388 | 61,909 |

Source: "Population Estimates," the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications Note: Data as of October 1 every year

The total population in Japan as of October 1, 2013, was 127,298 thousand that significantly decreased for three years in a row.
The population had increased until 2008 after the first-ever decrease in 2005 from the previous year in the postwar era, but the population is decreasing with going up down in these years. By gender, the number of women was 65,388 thousand ( $51.37 \%$ of the total population), which was a decrease of 98 thousand ( $0.15 \%$ ) from the previous year, and the number of men was 61,909 thousand ( $48.63 \%$ of the total population), which was a decrease of 120 thousand $(0.19 \%)$. Women outnumbered men by 3,479 thousand, with the population sex-ratio (the number of men per 100 women) being 94.7.

Proportion of Children and the Elderly to the Total Population (2013)

|  | Total Population <br> $(1,000)$ | Proportion of 0-14 <br> years of age to the <br> total population (\%) | Proportion of 65 years <br> of age and over to the <br> total population (\%) | Proportion of 75 years <br> of age and over to the <br> total population (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 127,298 | 12.88 | 25.06 | 12.26 |
| Women | 65,388 | 12.23 | 27.83 | 14.71 |
| Men | 61,909 | 13.56 | 22.13 | 9.66 |

Source: "Population Estimates," the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications
Note: Data as of October 1, 2013
The proportion of children ( $0-14$ years of age) to the total population was $12.88 \%$ and that of the elderly ( 65 years old and over) was $25.06 \%$.


The total fertility rate in 2013 was 1.43 , increased by 0.02 point from the previous year. The number of childbirths was $1,029,816$ in 2013, decreased by 7,415 from the previous year.

## Average Age of First Marriage

|  | Wife | Husband | Age difference <br> (husband-wife) |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1970 | 24.2 | 26.9 | 2.7 |
| 1980 | 25.2 | 27.8 | 2.6 |
| 1990 | 25.9 | 28.4 | 2.5 |
| 2000 | 27.0 | 28.8 | 1.8 |
| 2010 | 28.8 | 30.5 | 1.7 |
| 2011 | 29.0 | 30.7 | 1.7 |
| 2012 | 29.2 | 30.8 | 1.6 |
| 2013 | 29.3 | 30.9 | 1.6 |

Source: "Vital Statistics," the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

The average age of the first marriage for both men and women has gone up.

Marriage Rate and Divorce Rate


The marriage rate (per 1,000 people) in 2013 was 5.3 just as last year. It was nearly half of the rate in the early 1970s of the "marriage boom" era. The divorce rate remained low for a long period of time and stayed less than 1.6 until the early 1990s, when it increased until it surpassed 2.0 after 1999. However, in 2008 it fell below 2.0 for the first time in ten years. In 2009 it surpassed 2.0 again, but since 2010, it has fallen back below 2.0.

## - Households by Family Type

|  |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Households by Family Type | Private households (1,000 households) | Proportion(\%) | Private households (1,000 households) | Proportion(\%) | Private households (1,000 households) | Proportion(\%) | Private households (1,000 households) | Proportion(\%) |
| Total | 30,297 | 100 | 40,670 | 100 | 46,782 | 100 | 51,842 | 100 |
| Relatives households | 24,059 | 79.4 | 31,204 | 76.7 | 33,679 | 72.0 | 34,516 | 66.6 |
| Family nuclei | 17,186 | 56.7 | 24,218 | 59.5 | 27,332 | 58.4 | 29,207 | 56.3 |
| A married couple only | 2,972 | 9.8 | 6,294 | 15.5 | 8,835 | 18.9 | 10,244 | 19.8 |
| A married couple with their child(ren) | 12,471 | 41.2 | 15,172 | 37.3 | 14,919 | 31.9 | 14,440 | 27.9 |
| Father with his child(ren) | 253 | 0.8 | 425 | 1.0 | 545 | 1.2 | 664 | 1.3 |
| Mother with her child(ren) | 1,491 | 4.9 | 2,328 | 5.7 | 3,032 | 6.5 | 3,859 | 7.4 |
| Other relatives households | 6,874 | 22.7 | 6,986 | 17.2 | 6,347 | 13.6 | 5,309 | 10.2 |
| Non-relatives households | 100 | 0.3 | 77 | 0.2 | 192 | 0.4 | 456 | 0.9 |
| One-person households | 6,137 | 20.3 | 9,390 | 23.1 | 12,911 | 27.6 | 16,785 | 32.4 |
| Average number of household members | 3.41 |  | 2.99 |  | 2.67 |  | 2.42 |  |

Source: "Population Census," the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications
The number of private households* increased from $30,297,000$ to $51,842,000$ from 1970 to 2010 , while the average number of household members became less than three in 1990 and continued to decline.
The decline in the number of household members is affected by not only an emergence of a family nuclei and decline in the number of children, but also an increase in the number of one-person households by the young and the elderly. In 2010 one-person households accounted for more than $30 \%$ of all types of households.
*"Private households" refers to households other than "institutional households." "Institutional households" refers to households composed of students at boarding school, in-house patients of hospitals and clinics, in-house residents in social institutions, residents in quarters and on marine vessels of the Self-Defense Forces, and inmates in correctional institutions.

